### Food and Drug Administration, HHS

- 520.2220 Sulfadimethoxine dosage forms. 520 2220a Sulfadimethoxine solution oral and soluble powder. 520.2220b Sulfadimethoxine tablets boluses
- 520.2220c Sulfadimethoxine oral suspension. 520.2220d Sulfadimethoxine-ormetoprim tablets.
- 520.2240 Sulfaethoxypyridazine.
- 520.2240a Sulfaethoxypyridazine drinking water.
- 520.2240b Sulfaethoxypyridazine tablets.
- 520.2260 Sulfamethazine oral dosage forms.
- 520.2260a Sulfamethazine oblets and boluses. 520.2260b Sulfamethazine sustained-release
- boluses 520.2260c Sulfamethazine sustained-release tablets.
- 520.2261 Sulfamethazine sodium oral dosage forms.
- 520.2261a Sulfamethazine sodium drinking water solution.
- 520.2261b Sulfamethazine sodium soluble powder.
- 520.2280 Sulfamethizole and methenamine mandelate tablets.
- 520.2320 Sulfanitran and aklomide in combination.
- 520.2325 Sulfaquinoxaline oral dosage forms. 520 2325a Sulfaquinoxaline drinking water.
- 520.2325b Sulfaquinoxaline drench.
- 520.2330 Sulfisoxazole tablets.
- 520.2345 Tetracycline oral dosage forms.
- 520.2345a Tetracycline hydrochloride capsules.
- 520.2345b Tetracycline tablets.
- Tetracycline boluses 520.2345c
- 520.2345d Tetracycline hydrochloride soluble powder.
- 520.2345e
- 520.2345e Tetracycline oral liquid. 520.2345f Tetracycline phosphate complex and sodium novobiocin capsules
- 520.2345g Tetracycline hydrochloride and sodium novobiocin tablets.
- 520.2345h Tetracycline hydrochloride, sodium novobiocin, and prednisolone tablets.
- 520.2362 Thenium closylate tablets.
- 520.2380 Thiabendazole oral dosage forms.
- 520.2380a Thiabendazole top dressing and mineral protein feed block.
- 520.2380b Tĥiabendazole drench or oral paste.
- 520.2380c Thiabendazole bolus.
- Thiabendazole, piperazine citrate 520.2380d suspension.
- 520.2380e Thiabendazole with trichlorfon.
- 520.2380f Thiabendazole, piperazine phosphate powder.
- 520.2455 Tiamulin soluble powder. 520.2456 Tiamulin liquid concentrate.
- 520.2460 Ticarbodine oral dosage forms.
- 520.2460a Ticarbodine tablets.
- 520.2460b Ticarbodine capsules. 520.2473 Tioxidazole oral dosage forms.
- 520.2473a Tioxidazole granules.

- 520.2473b Tioxidazole paste.
- 520.2480 Triamcinolone tablets.
- 520 2481 Triamcinolone acetonide tablets.
- 520.2482 Triamcinolone acetonide oral powder.
- 520.2520 Trichlorfon oral dosage forms.
- 520.2520a Trichlorfon oral.
- Trichlorfon and atropine. 520 2520b 520.2520c Trichlorfon oral liquid.
- 520 2520d Trichlorfon paste.
- 520.2520e Trichlorofon boluses.
- Trichlorofon granules. 520 2520f
- 520.2520g Trichlorfon, phenothiazine, and piperazine dihydrochloride powder.
- 520.2582 Triflupromazine hydrochloride tablets.
- 520.2604 Trimeprazine tartrate and prednisolone tablets.
- 520.2605 Trimeprazine tartrate and prednisolone capsules.
- 520.2610 Trimethoprim and sulfadiazine tablets.
- 520.2611 Trimethoprim and sulfadiazine oral paste.
- 520.2612 Trimethoprim and sulfadiazine oral suspension. 520.2613 Trimethoprim and sulfadiazine
- powder. 520.2640 Tylosin.

AUTHORITY: Sec. 512 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 360b).

Source: 40 FR 13838, Mar. 27, 1975, unless otherwise noted.

#### §520.23 Acepromazine maleate tablets.

- (a) Sponsors. See drug labeler codes in §510.600(c) of this chapter for identification of sponsors as follows:
- (1) For No. 000856, use of 5-, 10-, or 25milligram tablets as in paragraph (b) of this section.
- (2) For No. 054273, use of 10- or 25-milligram tablets as in paragraph (c) of this section.
- (b) Conditions of use. It is used in dogs and cats as follows:
- (1) Indications for use. It is used in dogs and cats as a tranquilizer.
- (2) Amount. Dogs: 0.25 to 1.0 milligram per pound of body weight; Cats: 0.5 to 1.0 milligram per pound of body weight.
- (3) Limitations. The drug is administered orally. Dosage may be repeated as required. Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.
- (c) Conditions of use. It is used in dogs as follows:
- (1) Indications for use. It is used in dogs as an aid in tranquilization and as a preanesthetic agent.

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(2) *Amount.* Dogs: 0.25 to 1.0 milligram per pound of body weight.

(3) Limitations. The drug is administered orally. Dosage may be repeated as required. Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.

[46 FR 44443, Sept. 4, 1981, as amended at 49 FR 49091, Dec. 18, 1984; 52 FR 666, Jan. 8, 1987; 53 FR 40727, Oct. 18, 1988; 56 FR 37473, Aug. 7, 1991]

# § 520.44 Acetazolamide sodium soluble powder.

- (a) Specifications. The drug is in a powder form containing acetazolamide sodium, USP equivalent to 25 percent acetazolamide activity.
- (b) Sponsor. See No. 010042 in  $\S510.600$ (c) of this chapter.
- (c) Conditions of use. (1) It is used in dogs as an aid in the treatment of mild congestive heart failure and for rapid reduction of intraocular pressure.<sup>1</sup>
- (2) It is administered orally at a dosage level of 5 to 15 milligrams per pound of body weight daily.<sup>1</sup>
- (3) For use only by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.

## § 520.45 Albendazole oral dosage forms.

### §520.45a Albendazole suspension.

- (a) (1) *Specifications*. The product contains 11.36 percent albendazole.
- (2) *Sponsor.* See No. 000069 in §510.600 of this chapter.
- (3) Related tolerances. See §556.34 of this chapter.
- (4)(i) Conditions of use in cattle—(1) Amount. 4.54 milligrams per pound of body weight (10 milligrams per kilogram)
- (ii) Indications for use. For removal and control of the following internal parasites of cattle: Adult liver flukes (Fasciola hepatica); heads and segments of tapeworms (Moniezia benedeni, M. expansa); adult and 4th stage larvae of stomach worms (brown stomach worms including 4th stage inhibited larvae (Ostertagia ostertagi), barberpole worm

(Haemonchus contortus, H. placei), small stomach worm (Trichostrongylus axei)); adult and 4th stage larvae of intestinal worms (thread-necked intestinal worm (Nematodirus spathiger, N. helvetianus), small intestinal worm (Cooperia punctata and C. oncophora)); adult stages of intestinal worms (hookworm (Bunostomum phlebotomum), bankrupt worm (Trichostrongylus colubriformis), nodular worm (Oesophagostomum radiatum)); adult and 4th stage larvae of lungworms (Dictyocaulus viviparus).

(iii) *Limitations*. Administer as a single oral dose using dosing gun or dosing syringe. Do not slaughter within 27 days of last treatment. Do not use in female dairy cattle of breeding age: Do not administer to female cattle during first 45 days of pregnancy or for 45 days after removal of bulls. Consult your veterinarian for assistance in the diagnosis, treatment, and control of parasitism.

(2) [Reserved]

- (b)(1) *Specifications*. The product contains 4.55 percent albendazole.
- (2) Sponsor. See No. 000069 in  $\S510.600$ (c) of this chapter.
- (3) Related tolerances. See §556.34 of this chapter.
- (4) Conditions of use in sheep—(i) Amount. 7.5 milligrams per kilogram of body weight (3.4 milligrams per pound).
- (ii) Indications for use. For removal and control of the following internal parasites of sheep: Adult liver flukes (Fasciola hepatica, Fascioloides magna); heads and segments of common tapeworms (Moniezia expansa) and fringed tapeworm (Thysanosoma actinioides); adult and fourth stage larvae of stomach worms (brown stomach worm (Ostertagia circumcinta and Marshallagia marshalli), barberpole (Haemonchus contortus), small stomach worm (*Trichostrongylus axei*)); adult and fourth stage larvae of intestinal worms (thread-necked intestinal worm (Nematodirus spathiger and N. filicollis), Cooper's worm (Cooperia oncophora), bankrupt worm (Trichostrongylus colubriformis), nodular (Oesophagostomum columbianum), and large-mouth bowel worm (Chabertia ovina)); adult and larval stages of lungworms (Dictyocaulus filaria).
- (iii) *Limitations*. Administer as a single oral dose using dosing gun or

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>These conditions are NAS/NRC reviewed and deemed effective. Applications for these uses need not include effectiveness data as specified by §514.111 of this chapter, but may require bioequivalency and safety information.